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Auditor's Review Report



This Disclosure Statement contains information as required by the Registered Bank Disclosure Statements (Overseas Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2014 (as amended) ('the Order').

1. Corporate Information

The 'Overseas Banking Group' includes all entities consolidated for the purposes of public reporting in Japan including MUFG Bank, Ltd., its subsidiaries, and associated companies.

The Disclosure Statement and Condensed Interim Financial Statements are for the Auckland Branch (the 'Branch') of MUFG Bank, Ltd. It is the only member in the 'Banking Group' in New Zealand.

The Ultimate Holding Company of MUFG Bank, Ltd. is Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. incorporated in Japan.

Since the balance date of the last full year Disclosure Statement, there has been no change in the Ultimate Holding Company and no material changes in regulations, legislation, or other restrictions of a legally enforceable nature that may materially inhibit the Ultimate Holding Company from providing material financial support to the Banking Group.

2. Recognition and Priority of Claims of Creditors or Classes in the Event of Insolvency

Since the balance date for the last full year Disclosure Statement there have been no material changes in any material legislative or regulatory restrictions in Japan that, in the event of a liquidation of the Registered Bank, subordinate the claims of any class of unsecured creditors of the Branch on the assets of the Registered Bank to those of any other class of unsecured creditors of the Registered Bank.

3. Excess of Assets Over Deposit Liabilities

There have been no material changes in any statute that requires the Registered Bank to hold in New Zealand an excess of assets over deposit liabilities since the balance date of the last full year Disclosure Statement.

There have been no material changes in any regulatory or legislative requirements in Japan that require the Registered Bank to maintain sufficient assets to cover an ongoing obligation to pay deposit liabilities in Japan since the balance date for the last full year Disclosure Statement.

4. Guarantee Arrangement

The obligations of the Banking Group are not guaranteed under any guarantee (including government guarantee and cross guaranteeing arrangements) as at the date of signing this Disclosure Statement.

5. Directorate

5.1 Directors of MUFG Bank, Ltd. as of 30 September 2021:

Name	Occupation	Residence
Naoki Hori	Chairman	Japan
Junichi Hanzawa	President & CEO	Japan



5. Directorate (continued)

Akihiko Nakamura	Deputy President	Japan
Masato Miyachi	Deputy President	Japan
Takayoshi Futae	Deputy President	Japan
Muneya Taniguchi	Deputy President	Japan
Atsushi Miyata	Senior Managing Executive Officer	Japan
Masahiro Kuwahara	Senior Managing Executive Officer	Japan
Tetsuya Yonehana	Senior Managing Executive Officer	Japan
Shigeru Yoshifuji	Senior Managing Executive Officer	Japan
Naomi Hayashi	Senior Managing Executive Officer	Japan
Hiroki Kameda	Managing Executive Officer	Japan
Hiroshi Mori	Managing Executive Officer	Japan
Yutaka Miyashita	Managing Executive Officer	Japan
Masakazu Oosawa	Managing Executive Officer	Japan
Keitaro Tsukiyama	Managing Executive Officer	Japan
Teruyuki Sasaki	Managing Executive Officer	Japan
Takeshi Suzuki	Director	Japan
Akio Negishi	Director	Japan
Masahito Monguchi	Director	Japan
Minoru Hagio	Director	Japan
Tadayuki Matsushige	Director	Japan
Shigeo Ohyagi	Director	Japan
Masahiko Kato	Director	Japan
Hironori Kamezawa	Director	Japan
Fumikazu Tatsumi	Director	Japan
Shinichi Koide	Director	Japan
Toshifumi Kitazawa	Director	Japan

The following changes in Directors of MUFG Bank, Ltd. since the last full year Disclosure Statement were:

Kiyoshi Sono resigned as Chairman on 1 April 2021.

Kanetsugu Mike resigned as President & CEO on 1 April 2021.

Kenji Yabuta resigned as Deputy President on 28 June 2021.

Masakazu Ikeda resigned as Senior Managing Executive Officer on 28 June 2021.

Kenji Matsuo resigned as Director on 28 June 2021.

Naoto Hirota resigned as Director on 28 June 2021.

Akira Hamamoto resigned as Director on 28 June 2021.

Naoki Hori appointed as Chairman on 1 April 2021.

Junichi Hanzawa appointed as President & CEO on 1 April 2021.

Takayoshi Futae appointed as Deputy President on 1 April 2021.

Muneya Taniguchi appointed as Deputy President on 1 April 2021.

Atsushi Miyata appointed as Senior Managing Executive Officer on 1 April 2021.

Naomi Hayashi appointed as Senior Managing Executive Officer on 1 April 2021.

Teruyuki Sasaki appointed as Managing Executive Officer on 28 June 2021.

Keitaro Tsukiyama appointed as Managing Executive Officer on 1 April 2021.

Akio Negishi appointed as Director on 28 June 2021.

Minoru Hagio appointed as Director on 28 June 2021.

Masahiko Kato appointed as Director on 28 June 2021.



5. Directorate (continued)

5.2 Signatories who have signed the Disclosure Statement. Responsible Person signing on behalf of Directors and New Zealand Chief Executive Officer:

Name	Occupation	Residence
Hiroto Fukashiro	Managing Director, Head of Oceania, Head of Sydney Branch (Responsible Person on behalf of the Direc	Australia
Masami Yoshitake	Managing Director, Head of Auckland Branch (New Zealand Chief Executive Officer)	New Zealand

6. Auditors

Name and Address of Auditor whose report is referred to in this Disclosure Statement:

Deloitte Limited Deloitte Centre 80 Queen Street Auckland 1010 New Zealand

7. Conditions of Registration

There has been changes to the conditions of registration since the last Disclosure Statement as at 31 March 2021. These conditions of registration apply on and after 1 October 2021. The changes are:

- 1. That, for a loan-to-valuation measurement period, the total of the business of the registered bank in New Zealand's qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of property-investment residential mortgage loans with a loan-to-valuation ratio of more than 60%, must not exceed 5% of the total of the qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of property-investment residential mortgage loans arising in the loan-to-valuation measurement period.
- 2. That, for a loan-to-valuation measurement period ending on or before 31 March 2022, the total of the bank's qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of non property-investment residential mortgage loans with a loan-to-valuation ratio of more than 80%, must not exceed 20% of the total of the qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of non property-investment residential mortgage loans arising in the loan-to-valuation measurement period.
- 3. That, for a loan-to-valuation measurement period ending on or after 30 April 2022, the total of the business of the registered bank in New Zealand's qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of non property-investment residential mortgage loans with a loan-to-valuation ratio of more than 80%, must not exceed 10% of the total of the qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of non property-investment residential mortgage loans arising in the loan-to-valuation measurement period.



7. Conditions of Registration (continued)

4. "loan-to-valuation ratio", "non property-investment residential mortgage loan", "property-investment residential mortgage loan", "qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of property-investment residential mortgage loans", "qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of non property-investment residential mortgage loans", and "residential mortgage loan" have the same meaning as in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document entitled "Framework for Restrictions on High-LVR Residential Mortgage Lending" (BS19) dated October 2021, and where the version dates of the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Banking Prudential Requirement (BPR) documents referred to in BS19 for the purpose of defining these terms are—

BPR document	Version date
BPR131: Standardised credit risk RWAs	1 October 2021
BPR001: Glossary	1 July 2021

[&]quot;loan-to-valuation measurement period" means-

- a- the six calendar month period ending on the last day of March 2022; and
- b- thereafter a period of six calendar months ending on the last day of the sixth calendar month, the first of which ends on the last day of April 2022

The Branch has complied with all conditions of registration over the six months accounting period ended 30 September 2021.

8. Credit Rating

The Registered Bank has the following long term credit ratings which are applicable to the Banking Group in New Zealand.

	Current Rating	Previous Rating (if changed in the previous two years)	Date of Change
Standard & Poor's	A	-	-
Moody's	A1	-	-
Fitch	A-	A	8-Apr-2020



8. Credit Rating (Continued)

Rating scales are:

Credit Ratings	S&P's	Moody's	Fitch
Highest quality/Extremely strong capacity to pay interest and principal	AAA	Aaa	AAA
High quality/Very strong capacity to pay interest and principal	AA	Aa	AA
Upper medium grade/Strong capacity to pay interest and principal	A	A	A
Medium grade (lowest investment grade)/Adequate ability to pay interest and principal	BBB	Baa	BBB
Predominantly speculative/Less near term vulnerability to default	BB	Ba	BB
Speculative, low grade/Great vulnerability	В	В	В
Poor to default/identifiable vulnerability	CCC	Caa	CCC
Highest speculations	CC	Ca	CC
Lowest quality, no interest	C	С	С
Defaulted on obligations	D	-	D

Standard & Poor's and Fitch – Ratings are modified by the addition of a plus (+) or minus (-) sign to show relative standing within the major rating categories.

Moody's – A numeric modifier is applied to each generic rating category from Aa to B, indicating that the counterparty is (1) in the higher end of its letter-rating category, (2) in mid-range, (3) in lower end.

9. Other Material Matters

There are no matters relating to the business or affairs of the Registered Bank and its Banking Group that are not contained elsewhere in the Disclosure Statement, and would, if disclosed, materially affect the decision of a person to subscribe for debt securities of which the Registered Bank or any member of its Banking Group is the issuer.

10. Financial Statements of the Registered Bank and the Overseas Banking Group

The most recent publicly available Disclosure Statement for the Banking Group can be accessed via the Branch's website: www.nz.bk.mufg.jp. Copies of the most recent publicly available Disclosure Statement for the Banking Group will be provided within two working days at no charge to any person who requests a copy.

The most recent publicly available Financial Statements of the Registered Bank and the Overseas Banking Group may be accessed via the Bank's global website: www.mufg.jp. In addition, Financial Statements are also prepared and filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D.C.



11. Directors' and Managing Directors Auckland Branch's Statement

After due enquiry, each Director and the Managing Directors Auckland Branch believe that:

as at the date on which the Disclosure Statement is signed;

- the Disclosure Statement contains all the information that is required by the Registered Bank Disclosure Statements (Overseas Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2014 (as amended);
- the Disclosure Statement is not false or misleading;

and over the six-month accounting period ended 30 September 2021:

- MUFG Bank, Ltd., Auckland Branch had systems in place to monitor and control adequately the material risks of the Banking Group, including credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, currency risk, equity risk, liquidity risk and other business risks, and that those systems were being properly applied; and
- MUFG Bank, Ltd. has complied with all Conditions of Registration that applied during the period.

Signed for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of MUFG Bank, Ltd. by their agent duly appointed in writing, and by the Managing Director, Auckland Branch.

Mr. Hiroto Fukashiro

Managing Director, Head of Oceania Head of Sydney Branch

(and Authorised Attorney on behalf of

the Directors)

Dated (Sydney): 25 November 2021

Mr. Masami Yoshitake Managing Director, Head of Auckland Branch (New Zealand Chief Executive Officer)

Dated (Auckland): 25 November 2021



Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Note	Six Months ended 30 September 2021 Unaudited	Six Months ended 30 September 2020 Unaudited
		NZD	NZD
Interest income	2	33,052,466	37,662,097
Interest expense	2	(18,134,112)	(26,173,360)
Net interest income		14,918,354	11,488,737
Fees and commission income	2	14,789,585	13,272,700
Net gains on financial instruments	2	1,366,251	980,445
9		16,155,836	14,253,145
Occupancy expenses	2	(44,301)	(69,597)
Personnel expenses	2	(2,310,186)	(2,407,739)
Auditor's remuneration	2	(121,550)	(75,850)
Administration and other expenses	2	(2,413,697)	(443,486)
Profit before credit impairment losses and income tax expense		26,184,456	22,745,210
Expected credit gain/(losses)	7	206,234	(107,160)
Profit before income tax expense		26,390,690	22,638,050
Income tax expense		(5,002,476)	(4,289,826)
Profit from continuing operations		21,388,214	18,348,224
Other comprehensive income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Debt instruments measured at FVOCI			
Profit arising during the yearIncome tax benefit/(expense) on		(2,816,191)	1,894,788
Debt instruments measured at FVOCI		788,534	(530,541)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		(2,027,657)	1,364,247
Total comprehensive income, net of tax		19,360,557	19,712,471

The condensed interim statement of comprehensive income is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to and forming part of the condensed interim financial statements.



Condensed Statement of Changes in Equity

Unaudited NZD

	Head Office		Investment Revaluation	
	Capital	Retained Earnings	Reserve	Total
Balance at 1 April 2020	83,000,000	135,904,917	2,822,113	221,727,030
Profit from continuing operations	-	18,348,224	-	18,348,224
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	1,364,247	1,364,247
Total comprehensive income, net of tax		18,348,224	1,364,247	19,712,471
Balance at 30 September 2020	83,000,000	154,253,141	4,186,360	241,439,501
Balance at 1 April 2021	83,000,000	172,490,270	2,106,360	257,596,630
Profit from continuing operations	-	21,388,214	-	21,388,214
Other comprehensive (expense), net of tax		-	(2,027,657)	(2,027,657)
Total comprehensive income, net of tax		21,388,214	(2,027,657)	19,360,557
Balance at 30 September 2021	83,000,000	193,878,484	78,703	276,957,187

The condensed interim statement of changes in equity is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to and forming part of the condensed interim financial statements.



Condensed Statement of Financial Position

	Note	As at 30 September 2021	As at 30 September 2020	As at 31 March 2021
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
		NZD	NZD	NZD
Assets				
Cash and short term liquid assets		516,647,282	594,524,778	1,045,056,782
Amounts due from related parties	10	652,167,470	208,544,641	606,883,993
Amounts due from other financial institutions		164,999,409	149,999,493	164,999,004
Investment in debt instruments		500,052,736	835,602,962	455,852,935
Corporate loans originated by the Bank	4	3,686,113,359	3,909,469,069	4,045,883,065
Acceptances of customers		12,384,166	2,463,987	14,356,200
Derivative instruments		96,141,989	145,184,549	122,833,075
Other assets		1,784,749	2,255,309	2,107,696
Current tax asset		-	130,724	-
Deferred tax asset		353,305	372,269	404,821
Property, plant and equipment	3	1,418,317	1,407,850	1,315,919
Total Assets	-	5,632,062,782	5,849,955,631	6,459,693,490
Liabilities				
Amounts due to related parties	10	2,771,135,605	3,804,274,230	3,771,780,745
Deposits	5	2,467,435,305	1,638,812,496	2,270,309,362
Acceptances		12,384,166	2,463,987	14,356,200
Current tax payable		76,648	4,148,093	8,454,775
Derivative instruments		99,497,436	150,587,671	127,182,572
Other liabilities	8	4,576,435	8,229,653	10,013,206
Total Liabilities	-	5,355,105,595	5,608,516,130	6,202,096,860
Equity				
Head Office capital	10	83,000,000	83,000,000	83,000,000
Retained earnings		193,878,484	154,253,141	172,490,270
Investment revaluation reserve	-	78,703	4,186,360	2,106,360
Total Equity	-	276,957,187	241,439,501	257,596,630
Total Liabilities and Equity	-	5,632,062,782	5,849,955,631	6,459,693,490
Total Interest Earning and Discount Bearing Assets		4,913,019,084	5,565,434,218	5,814,239,198
Total Interest and Discount Bearing Liabilities		5,232,689,382	5,434,291,803	6,031,921,441

The condensed interim statement of financial position is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to and forming part of the condensed interim financial statements.



Condensed Statement of Cash Flows

	Six Months ended 30 September 2021 Unaudited NZD	Six Months ended 30 September 2020 Unaudited NZD
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Interest income received Commission fees & trading income Interest paid Payment to suppliers, employees and others Tax paid	35,443,610 16,427,485 (17,860,700) (9,454,116) (12,540,553)	43,739,313 12,697,160 (28,957,989) (4,582,666) (10,160,401)
Net cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities	12,015,726	12,735,417
Net decrease / (increase) in operating assets:		
Net decrease in corporate loans originated by the Bank Net (increase)/decrease in amounts due from other financial	359,799,589	1,269,317,440
institutions Net (increase) in investment in debt instruments Net (increase) in amounts due from related parties Net decrease in other assets	(405) (49,230,786) (45,283,477) 2,127,182	69,997,263 (239,638,795) (92,017,947) 15,394,780
Net (decrease) / increase in operating liabilities:	267,412,103	1,023,052,741
Net increase in commercial paper and deposits Net (decrease) in amounts due to related parties Net (decrease) in other liabilities	196,570,030 (1,000,362,639) (3,416,573)	576,844,397 (1,236,568,809) (13,969,208)
	(807,209,182)	(673,693,080)
Net cash flows from operating activities	(527,781,353)	362,095,078
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Payment for property, plant and equipment	(372,086)	
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(372,086)	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Remittance to the Overseas Bank Lease payment	(256,061)	(84,636)
Net cash flows from financing activities	(256,061)	(80,636)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	(528,409,500) 1,045,056,782	362,010,442 232,514,336
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	516,647,282	594,524,778
Reconciliation of Closing Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash and short term liquid assets	516,647,282	594,524,778
Closing cash and cash equivalents	516,647,282	594,524,778

The condensed interim statement of cash flows is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to and forming part of the condensed interim financial statements.



Condensed Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

	Six Months ended 30 September 2021 Unaudited NZD	Six Months ended 30 September 2020 Unaudited NZD
Reconciliation of profit from continuing operations to net	1,22	1,22
cash flows from operating activities		
Profit from continuing operations	21,388,214	18,348,224
Decrease in corporate loans	359,964,953	1,272,796,846
(Increase) / Decrease in due from other financial institutions	(405)	69,997,263
(Increase) in investment in debt instruments	(47,015,993)	(236,929,229)
(Increase) in due from related parties	(45,283,477)	(92,017,947)
Decrease in other assets	322,948	848,662
(Decrease) / Increase in certificate of deposit	(47,144,722)	331,690,764
Increase in deposits	244,270,665	244,503,292
(Decrease) in due to related parties	(1,000,645,140)	(1,238,702,557)
(Decrease) in other liabilities	(4,519,421)	(43,335)
(Decrease) / Increase in provision for expected credit losses	(206,234)	107,160
Movement in tax provision and deferred tax	(7,538,077)	(5,870,575)
Non-Cash items:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	91,683	104,738
Other	(1,466,347)	(2,738,228)
Net cash flows from operating activities	(527,781,353)	362,095,078

The condensed interim statement of cash flows is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to and forming part of the condensed interim financial statements.



1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Reporting entity and Statement of Compliance

MUFG Bank Ltd., Auckland Branch ("The Branch") operates in Auckland, New Zealand and the Registered Bank is incorporated in Japan. The Branch is profit-oriented and is an FMC Reporting Entity under the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013. The condensed interim financial statements of the Branch incorporated in this Disclosure Statement have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in New Zealand ("NZ GAAP") and comply with requirements of NZ IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and the Registered Bank Disclosure Statements (Overseas Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2014 (as amended). These condensed interim financial statements also comply with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. The condensed interim financial statement should be read in conjunction with the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The condensed interim financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on the date of signing this Disclosure Statement.

b) Basis of preparation

The condensed interim financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars.

The condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of certain non-current assets and financial instruments.

Cost is based on the fair-value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

c) Changes in accounting policy

There have been no material changes in accounting policies since the last financial statements for year ended 31 March 2021

d) Comparative figures

There has been no re-statement on comparatives figures for these financial statements.



2. Profit Before Income Tax Expense

2. Profit Before Income Tax Expense	Six Months ended 30 September 2021	Six Months ended 30 September 2020
	Unaudited NZD	Unaudited NZD
Operating revenue		
(a) Interest income		
Corporate loans and other accounts	32,878,920	37,482,305
Related parties	173,546	179,792
	33,052,466	37,662,097
(b) Fees and commissions income		
Fees and commissions income	14,789,585	13,272,700
	14,789,585	13,272,700
(c) Gains less losses on financial instruments	504.066	075 700
Net gain on interest rate derivatives Net gain on currency derivatives	584,966	875,780
Net gain on currency Net gain on foreign currency	760,047 21,238	46,829 57,836
Other income	-	-
	1,366,251	980,445
	49,208,302	51,915,242
Total interest income derived from financial assets:		
At amortised cost	31,668,257	35,989,852
Investment in debt instruments (FVOCI)	1,384,209	1,672,246
Designated at fair value through profit or loss	-,,	-,-,-,
Total fee income derived from financial assets that are not at fair value		
through profit or loss	14,725,867	13,272,700
Net unrealised gain on financial assets/liabilities (FVTPL)	994,050	1,088,824
Net realised gain / (loss) on financial assets/liabilities (FVTPL)	372,200	(108,380)
Other income	<u>63,719</u> 49,208,302	51,915,242
r.	+7,200,302	31,713,242
Expenses (a) Interest expense		
Deposits and other accounts	7,531,583	5,542,025
Related parties	10,602,529	20,631,335
1	18,134,112	26,173,360
Total interest expense was derived from financial liabilities:		
At amortised cost	18,134,112	26,173,360
(L) Od	18,134,112	26,173,360
(b) Other operating expenses Occupancy expenses	44,301	69,597
Depreciation	44,501	09,397
Furniture, fixtures and fittings	12,248	3,432
Office equipment	6,446	6,947
Motor vehicles	-	-
Right of use assets	72,989	94,359
Auditors' remuneration	121.550	75.050
Audit fees	121,550	75,850
Salaries Staff related cost	2,296,940 13,246	2,386,157 21,582
Net losses from the disposal of fixed assets	30,438	21,302
General administration and other operating expenses	2,291,576	338,748
Provision for credit impairment	(206,234)	107,160
	4,683,500	3,103,832
Profit before income tax expense	26,390,690	22,638,050

Total income excluding any net loss for six months ended 30 September 2021 is NZD 49,208,302 (six months ended 30 September 2020: NZD 51,915,242)



3. Property, Plant and Equipment

During the six months ended 30 September 2021 the Branch acquired property, plant and equipment of NZD 1,467,293 (six months ended 30 September 2020: Nil; twelve months ended 31 March 2021: NZD 12,987).

During the six months ended 30 September 2021 the Branch disposed of property, plant and equipment of NZD 1,273,211 (six months ended 30 September 2020: Nil; twelve months ended 31 March 2021: Nil).

There was no impairment loss for property, plant and equipment recognised during the six months ended 30 September 2021 (six months ended 30 September 2020: Nil; twelve months ended 31 March 2021: Nil).

Right-of-use assets included property, plant and equipment of NZD 1,053,177 (six months ended 30 September 2020: NZD 1,367,918; twelve months ended 31 March 2021: NZD 1,273,732).

4. Loans and Advances

. Evans and Advances	As at 30 September 2021 Unaudited NZD	As at 30 September 2020 Unaudited NZD	As at 31 March 2021 Audited NZD
Corporate loans originated by the Bank	3,686,936,311	3,910,299,735	4,046,901,264
Less: collective impairment allowance	(822,952)	(830,666)	(1,018,199)
Total net loans	3,686,113,359	3,909,469,069	4,045,883,065

5. Deposits

·	As at 30 September 2021 Unaudited NZD	As at 30 September 2020 Unaudited NZD	As at 31 March 2021 Audited NZD
Retail deposit bearing interest	204,734,392	195,960,775	173,963,431
Retail deposit not bearing interest	6,843,721	6,118,524	9,397,875
Certificate deposit	791,505,554	662,188,287	838,697,399
Call deposit	341,381,054	205,237,493	262,796,712
Term deposit	1,122,970,584	569,307,417	985,453,945
·	2,467,435,305	1,638,812,496	2,270,309,362

6. Total Liabilities of the Branch Net of Amounts Due to Related Parties

	As at 30 September 2021 Unaudited NZD	As at 30 September 2020 Unaudited NZD	As at 31 March 2021 Audited NZD
Total Liabilities Less: total amounts due to related parties	5,355,105,595	5,608,516,130	6,202,096,860
(Note : 10) Total liabilities net of amounts due to related	(2,812,567,715)	(3,903,394,294)	(3,857,530,889)
parties	2,542,537,880	1,705,121,836	2,344,565,971



7. Provision for Impairment Losses

	Residential mortgages	Corporate exposures	Other exposures	Total credit exposures
Financial assets and credit commitments				
Collective provision for doubtful debts measured on a				
12 months ECL	-	1,275,565	-	1,275,565
Provision for doubtful debts for assets measured on a				
lifetime ECL	-	-	-	-
Collective provision for doubtful debts for assets not				
credit impaired	-	-	-	-
Collective provision for doubtful debts for credit				
impaired assets	-	-	-	-
Individual provision for doubt debts for credit impaired				
assets	-	-	-	
Total provision for impairment losses	-	1,275,565	-	1,275,565

The following table reconciles the opening balance to the closing balance of provision for impairment losses and shows the movement in opening balance where financial assets have transferred between provision stages during the reporting period.

	Collective provision 12 months ECL	Collective provision lifetime ECL not credit impaired	Collective provision lifetime ECL credit impaired	Total
Corporate exposures				
Balance at beginning of period 1-Apr-21	1,481,799	-	-	1,481,799
Charge to income statement excluding transfer between				
ECL stages – Stage 1	(206,234)	-	-	(206,234)
Movement to the opening balance due to transfer				
between ECL				
Transferred to collective provision 12 months ECL	-	-	-	-
Transferred to collective provision lifetime ECL not				
credit	-	-	-	-
Transferred to collective provision lifetime ECL credit				
impaired	-	-	-	-
Transferred to individual provision lifetime ECL credit	-	-	-	-
Impact on period end ECL of exposures transferred				
between stages during the period	-	-	-	
Total provision for impairment losses*	1,275,565	-	-	1,275,565

^{*} Refer to Note 4 for total provision for ECL on loan, and Note 8 for total provision for ECL on financial guarantee and commitments



8. Other Liabilities

	As at 30 September 2021 Unaudited NZD	As at 30 September 2020 Unaudited NZD	As at 31 March 2021 Audited NZD
Provision for employee entitlements	145,824	199,636	144,051
Unearned income	2,672,645	1,598,632	1,697,792
Management fee charged by related parties	-	4,352,421	4,060,474
Provisions for ECL on financial guarantee and			
commitment	452,613	484,397	463,600
Lease liabilities	1,056,471	1,399,825	1,312,532
Others	248,882	194,742	2,334,757
	4,576,435	8,229,653	10,013,206

9. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

a)	Other commitments	As at 30 September 2021 Unaudited NZD	As at 30 September 2020 Unaudited NZD	As at 31 March 2021 Audited NZD
α,	Undrawn facility commitments	2,340,141,242	2,468,833,514	2,252,390,739
b)	Contingent liabilities			
	Guarantees given	58,354,747	32,815,637	49,586,637
	Performance related contingencies	142,653,957	156,417,334	202,124,744
	Trade related contingencies	17,642,890	30,619,161	15,358,641
		218,651,594	219,852,132	267,070,022

The Branch provides guarantees in its normal course of business on behalf of its customers and there are three principal types of guarantee:

- Guarantee given a financial guarantee that is an agreement by which the Branch agrees to pay an amount of money on demand on behalf of a customer to a third party during the life of the guarantee.
- Performance related contingencies a guarantee given by the Branch that undertakes to pay a sum of
 money to a third party where the customer fails to fulfil certain terms and conditions of a contract.
- Trade related contingencies contingent liabilities arising from trade-related obligations secured against an underlying shipment of goods to make a payment to a third party if a counterparty fails to perform a contractual non-monetary obligation.

The credit risk involved in issuing guarantees is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers. Apart from the normal documentation for a facility of this type, the customer must also provide the Branch with a written indemnity, undertaking that, in the event the Branch is called upon to pay, the Branch will be fully reimbursed by the customer.

The Branch has no financial assets that have been pledged as collateral for liabilities or contingent liabilities.



10. Related Party Disclosures

The Auckland Branch is a branch of an overseas company, MUFG Bank, Ltd., which is incorporated in Japan and is the ultimate parent bank.

Related party transactions are unsecured and entered into in the normal course of business. During the period there have been dealings between Auckland Branch, other overseas branches and Head Office. Amounts due from related parties are only related to settlement account which is due on demand. Amounts due to related parties are mainly term deposits which are due in accordance with an agreed date. The maturity analysis for these balances is presented in Note 14. The interest rate risk analysis for these balances is presented in Note 13. No related party debts have been written off or forgiven during the reporting period.

Derivative instruments with related parties are used to manage interest rate and currency exposures and include foreign exchange forwards, interest rate swaps and currency options.

	Six Months ended 30 September 2021 Unaudited	Six Months ended 30 September 2020 Unaudited	Twelve Months ended 31 March 2021 Audited
	NZD	NZD	NZD
A) Balances			
Assets			
Amounts due from related parties	652,167,470	208,544,641	606,883,993
Derivative instruments	56,740,259	55,295,604	45,077,635
Others	57,232	344	
	708,964,961	263,840,589	651,961,628
Liabilities			
Amounts due to related parties	2,771,135,605	3,804,274,230	3,771,780,745
Derivative instruments	41,432,110	94,767,643	81,689,670
Other		4,352,421	4,060,474
	2,812,567,715	3,903,394,294	3,857,530,889
Equity			
Head Office capital	83,000,000	83,000,000	83,000,000
Off Balance Sheet			
Guarantee given	1,034,864	6,183,941	6,183,941
Performance related contingencies	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,150,000
ū	2,184,864	7,333,941	7,333,941
B) Transactions			
Interest income	173,546	179,792	385,938
Interest expense	10,602,529	20,631,335	31,954,375
Net (loss) from derivative instruments	38,077,172	(35,078,796)	(12,136,941)
Fees and commissions income	2,528	3,256	5,734
Management fee expense	(1,906,658)	(4,352,421)	(4,060,474)

The Branch's Head Office capital comprises of funds provided by the overseas bank to support the Branch's daily operation and to fulfil local thin capitalisation requirements. It is non-interest bearing and there is no fixed date for repatriation. The capital of the registered bank is managed by the overseas bank. The Branch does not separately manage capital other than for the purpose of the Reserve Bank of New Zealand's requirements as disclosed in Note 19 and Note 20.

Other transactions like sundry administrative charges are not material to the results and are therefore not disclosed separately.



11. Concentration of Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss to the Branch arising from the failure of a counterparty to repay principal and/or interest under a commitment entered into with the Branch. Credit risk arises from the lending, treasury and trade finance activities of the Branch. Credit risk also arises from the possibility that the counterparty to a derivative financial instrument will not adhere to the terms of the contract with the Branch when settlement becomes due.

Corporate loans originated by the Bank are secured partially by following collateral/credit enhancements:

- i. financial guarantee by either third parties or customer's parent company
- ii. deposit assignment
- iii. asset assignment such as aircraft

Concentration of credit risk is determined by management to be by industry sector, geographical location and customer credit rating. Industry sectors are determined by reference to the categories in the RBNZ Bank Balance Sheet Survey. The geographical locations reflect the primary location of the underlying borrower.

The following table details the Branch's maximum credit risk exposure without taking account of any collateral/credit enhancement held of recognized financial assets and derivative financial instruments as at the reporting date.

	As at 30 September 2021 Unaudited NZD	As at 30 September 2020 Unaudited NZD
Notional Principal		
On Balance Sheet		
Cash and short term liquid assets	516,647,282	594,524,778
Amounts due from related parties	652,167,470	208,544,641
Amounts due from other financial institutions	164,999,409	149,999,493
Investment in debt instruments	500,052,736	835,602,962
Corporate loans originated by the Bank*	3,686,936,311	3,910,299,735
Acceptances of customers	12,384,166	2,463,987
Other assets	1,768,299	2,148,502
Total	5,534,955,673	5,703,584,098
Off Balance Sheet		
Guarantee given	58,354,747	32,815,637
Performance related contingencies	142,653,957	156,417,334
Trade related contingencies	17,642,890	30,619,161
Undrawn facility commitments	2,340,141,242	2,468,833,514
Total	2,558,792,836	2,688,685,646
Fair Value		
Derivative instruments	96,141,989	145,184,549

^{*} Total gross loans, excluding provision. Refer to Note 4



11. Concentration of Credit Risk (continued)

i. Concentration of Credit Risk by Customer Industry Sector

	As at 30 September 2021 Unaudited	As at 30 September 2020 Unaudited
	NZD	NZD
Notional Principal		
On Balance Sheet		
Communications	151,823,996	169,104,837
Construction	74,667,133	170,278,178
Education	74,003,729	60,011,749
Electricity, gas and water	700,793,787	835,910,666
Finance	2,415,329,988	2,326,098,386
Fishing	81,892,206	77,798,347
Food manufacturing	303,332,499	340,933,002
Forestry	75,817,714	100,349,224
Health care & social assistance	250,075,277	174,948,815
Mining	84,870,032	49,889,869
Other manufacturing	404,761,256	427,866,609
Property and business services	149,994,273	293,348,688
Retail Trade	80,130,037	60,080,838
Transport and storage	308,007,194	318,428,496
Wholesale trade	364,039,675	274,936,524
Wood and paper manufacturing	15,416,877	23,599,870
Total	5,534,955,673	5,703,584,098
Notional Principal		
Off Balance Sheet		
Communications	29,307,245	73,714,286
Construction	171,656,345	139,067,194
Education	9,874,341	-
Electricity, gas and water	609,349,573	723,487,361
Finance	425,263,932	355,833,941
Food manufacturing	560,076,000	626,274,174
Forestry	13,028,020	1,858,020
Health care & social assistance	11,585,860	98,814
Other manufacturing	149,841,517	125,112,619
Property and Business Services	104,701,078	6,401,681
Public administration and safety	-	97,692,429
Retail trade	76,874,665	102,229,763
Transport and storage	279,167,870	272,400,739
Wholesale trade	103,003,883	151,796,869
Wood and paper manufacturing	15,062,507	12,717,756
Total	2,558,792,836	2,688,685,646



11. Concentration of Credit Risk (continued)

Fair Value

Derivatives

Communications	2,079,258	1,439,493
Construction	, , , <u>-</u>	591,175
Electricity, gas and water	14,160,731	44,911,270
Finance	57,025,461	60,386,809
Fishing	1,974,741	3,548,649
Food manufacturing	1,756,245	6,906,667
Forestry	232,057	91,446
Mining	1,438,894	-
Other manufacturing	5,334,402	13,500,042
Transport and storage	7,562,004	10,247,644
Wholesale trade	1,428,548	3,432,843
Wood and paper manufacturing	3,149,648	128,511
Total	96,141,989	145,184,549

ii. Concentration of Credit Risk by Customer Geographical Location

	As at 30 September 2021 Unaudited NZD	As at 30 September 2020 Unaudited NZD
Notional Principal		
On Balance Sheet		
New Zealand Japan Australia U.S.A. France Malaysia Total	4,128,968,513 685,288,893 587,298,219 3,550,379 16 129,849,653 5,534,955,673	4,747,802,642 265,784,735 689,206,622 790,099
Off Balance Sheet		
New Zealand Japan Australia Other Total	2,547,441,816 2,184,864 164,388 9,001,768 2,558,792,836	2,676,464,371 7,333,941 - 4,887,334 2,688,685,646
Fair value Derivatives		
New Zealand Japan Australia Total	39,257,432 56,761,514 123,043 96,141,989	88,993,260 55,395,819 795,470 145,184,549



11. Concentration of Credit Risk (continued)

30 Santambar 2021

iii. Concentration of Credit Risk by Customer Credit Rating

The following tables set out the credit quality information for balances which are neither past due nor impaired. Please refer to Note 18 for impaired assets.

Unaudited	021	Notional pri		
Credit Rating	S&P Rating	On balance Sheet	Off balance Sheet	Derivative financial instruments
1-2	A- and above	1,540,432,259	885,198,694	2,247,252
3-7	B- to BBB+	3,342,298,712	1,671,409,278	37,133,223
8-9	CCC+/- and below	-	-	21,255
Not rated**		652,224,702	2,184,864	56,740,259
	_	5,534,955,673	2,558,792,836	96,141,989

30 September 20 Unaudited	020	Notional pri			
Credit Rating	S&P Rating A- and above	On balance Sheet 1,693,305,682	Off balance Sheet 411,482,656	Derivative financial instruments 16,320,380	
3-7	B- to BBB+ CCC+/- and	3,801,733,431	2,269,869,049	73,317,664	
8-9 Not rated**	below	208,544,985	7,333,941	250,901 55,295,604	
Not fated.	<u>-</u>	5,703,584,098	2,688,685,646	145,184,549	

There is no period end aggregate exposure equal to or exceeding 10% of the global equity of the Overseas Banking Group.

Collateral and other credit enhancements

The general nature and amount of collateral or other credit enhancements taken to mitigate the credit risk of each financial asset class are summarized as follows:

a. Cash and short term liquid assets

These exposures are mainly to relatively low risk banks (rate A+, AA- or better). These balances are not collateralised.

b. Amounts due from related parties

These exposures are generally considered to be low risk due to the nature of the counterparties. There are typically no collateral or other credit enhancements obtained in respect of amounts due from related parties.

c. Amounts due from other financial institutions

The balance is short term deposit to other financial institutions. Collateral is not generally sought on these balances as exposures are considered to be of low risk.



^{**}The 'not rated' exposure is related to inter-branch exposure.

11. Concentration of Credit Risk (continued)

d. Investment in debt instruments

These exposures are with the New Zealand government. Collateral is not sought directly with respect to these exposures.

e. Derivative instruments

The Branch is exposed to credit risk on derivative contracts, which arises as a result of counterparty credit risk. This credit risk from derivatives is mitigated where possible through master netting agreements whereby derivative assets and liabilities with the same counterparty can be offset. A master netting agreement provides the contractual framework within which dealing activities across a range of over-the-counter products are conducted and contractually binds both parties to apply close-out netting across all outstanding transactions covered by an agreement if either party defaults or other predetermined events occur. There have been no amounts set off in the statement of financial position for derivative assets and derivative liabilities as at 30 September 2021 (2020: Nil).

Financial assets subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements.

	Gross amounts of recognized financial assets (a)	Gross amounts of recognized financial liabilities set off in the statement of financial position (b)	Net amounts of financial assets presented in the statement of financial position (c) = (a) – (b)	Related amounts not setoff in the statement of financial position (d)	Net amount $(e) = (c) - (d)$
Derivatives	96,141,989	-	96,141,989	6,486,511	89,655,478
As at 3 NZD	0 September 2020				
	Gross amounts of recognized financial assets (a)	Gross amounts of recognized financial liabilities set off in the statement of financial position (b)	Net amounts of financial assets presented in the statement of financial position (c) = (a) - (b)	Related amounts not setoff in the statement of financial position (d)	Net amount $(e) = (c) - (d)$
Derivatives	145,184,549	-	145,184,549	5,544,289	139,640,260



11. Concentration of Credit Risk (continued)

Financial liabilities subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements.

As at 3 NZD	0 September 2021				
	Gross amounts of recognized financial liabilities (a)	Gross amounts of recognized financial assets set off in the statement of financial position (b)	Net amounts of financial liabilities presented in the statement of financial position $(c) = (a) - (b)$	Related amounts not setoff in the statement of financial position (d)	Net amount $(e) = (c) - (d)$
Derivatives	99,497,436	-	99,497,436	6,486,511	93,010,925
As at 3 NZD	0 September 2020				
	Gross amounts of recognized financial liabilities (a)	Gross amounts of recognized financial assets set off in the statement of financial position (b)	Net amounts of financial liabilities presented in the statement of financial position $(c) = (a) - (b)$	Related amounts not setoff in the statement of financial position (d)	Net amount $(e) = (c) - (d)$
Derivatives	150,587,671	-	150,587,671	5,544,290	145,043,381

Collateral is obtained against derivative assets, depending on the creditworthiness of the counterparty. There has been no collateral obtained against derivative assets for the six months ended 30 September 2021 (2020: Nil).

f. Acceptances of customers and other assets

Collateral is generally not sought on these balances. For acceptances of customers, similar credit review processes as corporate loans originated by the Bank are performed.

g. Corporate loans originated by the Bank

The Branch assesses the integrity and ability of counterparties to meet their contracted financial obligation for repayment. Principal collateral types for corporate loans include:

- i. Cash (usually in the form of a charge over a deposit)
- ii. Guarantee received from third parties
- iii. Charges over business assets such as real estate, aircraft and ships

In other instances, a client's facilities may be secured by collateral with value less than the carrying amount of the credit exposure. These facilities are deemed secured, partially secured or unsecured.

The Branch lending is generally to large corporate counterparties of strong financial standing, the majority of which borrow on unsecured terms. If there is collateral received during loan drawdown, the value of the collateral will be checked against the agreement to ensure that it is either equal to or over the agreed value. The total collateral value as at 30 September 2021 is over NZD 1,064,291,580 which is based on guarantees received from third parties, the current unaudited financial accounts, and market value of business assets.

On Balance Sheet	As at 30 September 2021 Unaudited		As at 30 Septembe Unaudited	
	NZD	%	NZD	%
Maximum exposure	5,534,955,673	100.00	5,703,584,098	100.00
Collateral classification				
Secured	765,248,166	13.83	711,862,382	12.48
Partially secured	23,631,091	0.43	12,921,849	0.23
Unsecured	4,746,076,416	85.75	4,978,799,867	87.29



11. Concentration of Credit Risk (continued)

h. Undrawn facility commitments and contingent liabilities

The Branch applies the same principle for off balance sheet risk as it does for its on balance sheet risks. In the case of undrawn facility commitments, counterparties will be subject to the same principle as corporate loans and collateral may be sought depending on the strength of the counterparty and the nature of the transaction.

Off Balance Sheet	As at 30 Septemb Unaudite	er 2021	As at 30 September 2020 Unaudited		
	NZD	%	NZD	%	
Maximum exposure	2,558,792,836	100.00	2,688,685,646	100.00	
Collateral classification					
Secured	282,036,740	11.02	260,438,169	9.69	
Partially secured	-	-	-	-	
Unsecured	2,276,756,096	88.98	2,428,247,477	90.31	

12. Concentration of Funding

Concentration of funding is determined by management to be by counterparty type and geographical location. The geographical locations reflect the primary location of the underlying depositor.

	As at 30 September 2021 Unaudited NZD	As at 30 September 2020 Unaudited NZD
a) Category analysis		
Customer deposits	2,467,435,305	1,638,812,496
Due to related parties	2,771,135,605	3,804,274,230
	5,238,570,910	5,443,086,726
b) Counterparty analysis		
Agriculture	3,586,108	6,962,497
Communications	1,811,156	8,928,586
Constructions	59,164,597	60,758,381
Electricity, gas and water	302,971,697	132,599,403
Finance	3,776,817,176	4,599,346,635
Fishing	7,912	8,356
Food Manufacturing	24,761,555	18,819,368
Forestry	70,035,962	15,218,589
Insurance	26,010,154	32,017,886
Other Industries	200,775,917	172,815
Other Manufacturing	46,664,666	68,832,272
Property and business services	20,009,359	20,029,838
Public administration and safety	180,262,603	20,026,575
Retail trade	67,715	68,578
Transport and Storage	349,396,119	279,214,610
Wholesale Trading	169,715,266	176,970,951
Wood and Paper Manufacturing	6,512,948	3,111,386
	5,238,570,910	5,443,086,726
c) Geographical analysis		
Australia	1,556,198,319	3,119,438,411
New Zealand	2,451,469,432	1,625,104,860
Japan	1,223,170,755	615,866,258
Singapore	7,732,404	69,719,367
Fiji	·	12,957,830
	5,238,570,910	5,443,086,726



13. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of loss to the Branch arising from movements in interest rates thereby having an adverse effect on the net interest earnings of the Branch in the current reporting period and in future years.

The following table represents the interest rate sensitivity gap of the Branch as at the reporting date. It analyses the Branch's assets and liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the earlier of residual contractual maturity or interest repricing date. One of the major causes of the mismatches is timing differences in the repricing of the assets and liabilities. These mismatches are managed by the Sydney Branch as part of the overall risk management process conducted in accordance with strict policy guidelines.

30	September	2021
Un	audited	

Unaudited	Up to 3 months NZD	Over 3 months and up to 6 months NZD	Over 6 months and up to 1 year NZD	Over 1 year and up to 2 years NZD	Over 2 years NZD	NON INTEREST SENSITIVE NZD	TOTAL NZD	WEIGHTED AVE. EFF. RATE %
ASSETS								
Cash and short term liquid assets	516,647,282	=	-	=	-	=	516,647,282	0.00%
Amounts due from related parties Amounts due from other financial	28,972,622	15,410,724	-	-	-	607,784,124	652,167,470	0.62%
institutions	164,999,409	_	-	-	-	-	164,999,409	0.52%
Investment in debt instruments Corporate loans originated by the	229,195,256	30,267,091	-	215,801,494	24,788,895	-	500,052,736	0.85%
Bank	3,216,231,949	277,226,357	77,778,294	90,729,534	24,970,177	(822,952)	3,686,113,359	1.62%
Acceptances of customers	-	-	=	-	-	12,384,166	12,384,166	
Property, plant and equipment	-	-	=	-	-	1,418,317	1,418,317	
Other assets		-			-	98,280,043	98,280,043	-
Total assets	4,156,046,518	322,904,172	77,778,294	306,531,028	49,759,072	719,043,698	5,632,062,782	_
LIABILITIES								
Amounts due to related parties	2,575,400,544	186,018,310	2,054,608	7,567,865	-	94,278	2,771,135,605	0.74%
Deposits	2,300,242,076	160,349,508	-	-	-	6,843,721	2,467,435,305	0.61%
Lease liability	-	-			1,056,471		1,056,471	2.61%
Liability for acceptances	-	-	-	-	-	12,384,166	12,384,166	
Other liabilities		-	-	-	-	103,094,048	103,094,048	_
Total liabilities	4,875,642,620	346,367,818	2,054,608	7,567,865	1,056,471	122,416,213	5,355,105,595	_

30 September 2020

Unaudited	Up to 3 months NZD	Over 3 months and up to 6 months NZD	Over 6 months and up to 1 year NZD	Over 1 year and up to 2 years NZD	Over 2 years NZD	NON INTEREST SENSITIVE NZD	TOTAL NZD	WEIGHTED AVE. EFF. RATE %
ASSETS								
Cash and short term liquid assets	594,524,778	-	-	-	-	-	594,524,778	0.00%
Amounts due from related parties Amounts due from other financial	75,007,250	-	-	-	-	133,537,391	208,544,641	0.58%
institutions Investment in debt instruments Corporate loans originated by the	149,999,493 445,728,415	55,434,630	104,502,937	- -	229,936,980	- -	149,999,493 835,602,962	0.35% 0.46%
Bank Acceptances of customers Property, plant and equipment Other assets	3,648,101,848	194,097,550	32,056,386	16,388,780 - - -	19,655,171 - - -	(830,666) 2,463,987 1,407,850 147,942,851	3,909,469,069 2,463,987 1,407,850 147,942,851	1.32%
Total assets	4,913,361,784	249,532,180	136,559,323	16,388,780	249,592,151	284,521,413	5,849,955,631	-
LIABILITIES								
Amounts due to related parties Deposits Lease liability Liability for acceptances Other liabilities	3,634,261,019 1,358,087,019	142,544,641 247,235,530 1,790	8,003,170 27,371,423	3,757,220	11,631,956 - 1,398,035 -	4,076,224 6,118,524 2,463,987 161,565,592	3,804,274,230 1,638,812,496 1,399,825 2,463,987 161,565,592	0.64% 0.69% 1.70%
Total liabilities	4,992,348,038	389,781,961	35,374,593	3,757,220	13,029,991	174,224,327	5,608,516,130	_



13. Interest Rate Risk (continued)

At 30 Sep 2021, assuming that all other variables held constant, if interest rates had been 50 basis points higher, post-tax profit for the year would have been NZD 3 million lower (2020: NZD 0.6M lower) due to decrease in net interest income. It is due to the increase in funding cost by using shorter term of funding to longer term of lending. If interest rate had been 50 basis points lower with all the variables held constant, post-tax profit would have been NZD 3 million higher (2020: NZD 0.6M higher) due to increase in net interest income as a result of the funding gap. The impact of interest rate movement on pre-tax profit is immaterial due to the back to back transactions with Sydney Branch to minimize any long term interest rate risk.

14. Maturity Analysis for Assets and Liabilities

The tables below analyse the Branch's financial assets and liabilities, as required by NZ IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures", in relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial assets and liabilities based on the earliest date on which the obligation is crystallised. There is no expectation that the principal or interest will be repaid or received earlier than the obligation. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. Therefore, they may differ to the carrying amounts on the condensed statement of financial position.

30 September 2021 Unaudited

	On Demand NZD	To 1 Month NZD	1 to 3 Months NZD	3 to 12 Months NZD	1 to 5 Years NZD	Over 5 Years NZD	Total NZD
ASSETS							
Cash and short term liquid assets	516,647,282	-	-	-	-	-	516,647,282
Amounts due from related parties	607,784,123	10,392,997	18,579,626	15,410,724	-	-	652,167,470
Amounts due from other financial							
institutions	-	80,000,000	85,000,000	-	-	-	165,000,000
Investment in debt instruments	-	131,125,000	102,000,000	36,125,000	238,500,000	-	507,750,000
Corporate loans originated by the	504 220 012	27 (7(210	06.004.602	C41 04C 401	2 467 227 254	00 022 174	2 926 216 042
Bank	504,339,012	27,676,318	96,084,683	641,946,401	2,467,337,354	88,833,174	3,826,216,942
Acceptances of customers	-	4,944,934	7,439,232	-	-	-	12,384,166
Derivative instruments	-	5,051,041	12,313,603	40,273,675	126,775,979	65,343,259	249,757,557
Other assets	-	1,768,299	-	-	-	-	1,768,299
	1,628,770,417	260,958,589	321,417,144	733,755,800	2,832,613,333	154,176,433	5,931,691,716
LIABILITIES							
Amounts due to related parties	_	1,170,446,452	609,958,393	695,204,953	307,155,587	_	2,782,765,385
Deposits	552,959,168	867,964,737	686,532,498	360,645,377	-	_	2,468,101,780
Acceptances		4,944,934	7,439,232	-	_	_	12,384,166
Derivative instruments	-	5,051,015	12,311,195	40,337,866	117,628,028	68,388,064	243,716,168
Lease liability	-	9,686	19,433	88,484	529,285	409,583	1,056,471
Gross loan commitment	2,340,141,242	· -	-	· -	· -	-	2,340,141,242
Guarantee given	-	850,000	30,000,000	12,635,020	14,126,500	743,227	58,354,747
Performance related contingencies	-	47,114,118	24,842,126	61,045,556	9,652,157	-	142,653,957
Trade related contingencies	-	161,929	-	17,480,961	-	-	17,642,890
	2,893,100,410	2,096,542,871	1,371,102,877	1,187,438,217	449,091,557	69,540,874	8,066,816,806



14. Maturity Analysis for Assets and Liabilities (continued)

30 September 2020

Unaudited	On Demand	To 1 Month	1 to 3 Months	3 to 12 Months	1 to 5 Years	Over 5 Years	Total
	NZD	NZD	NZD	NZD	NZD	NZD	NZD
ASSETS							
Cash and short term liquid assets	594,524,778	-	-	-	-	-	594,524,778
Amounts due from related parties	133,537,391	-	75,007,250	-	-	-	208,544,641
Amounts due from other financial			150 000 000				150 000 000
institutions Investment in debt instruments	-	215 500 000	150,000,000	162 500 000	222 000 000	-	150,000,000
Corporate loans originated by the	-	215,500,000	235,000,000	163,500,000	222,000,000	-	836,000,000
Bank	385,980,565	34,588,506	35,909,430	832,345,961	2,630,476,525	115,436,373	4,034,737,360
Acceptances of customers	-	2,238,349	225,638	-	-	-	2,463,987
Derivative instruments	-	4,833,560	7,966,708	32,624,566	98,555,570	22,163,831	166,144,235
Other assets	-	2,148,502	-	_	-	-	2,148,502
	1,114,042,734	259,308,917	504,109,026	1,028,470,527	2,951,032,095	137,600,204	5,994,563,503
LIABILITIES							
Amounts due to related parties	_	2,330,539,736	1,112,327,216	355,706,476	10,731,035	_	3,809,304,463
Deposits	407,316,792	494,597,974	262,330,995	275,444,632	199,850,000	_	1,639,540,393
Acceptances	· · · · · · · -	2,238,349	225,638	· · · · · -	· · · · · -	-	2,463,987
Derivative instruments	-	4,835,418	7,838,116	33,393,240	107,298,523	21,015,421	174,380,718
Lease liability	-	14,649	29,355	129,510	777,918	448,393	1,399,825
Gross loan commitment	2,468,833,514	-	-	-	-	-	2,468,833,514
Guarantee given	-	350,000	-	30,590,910	1,131,500	743,227	32,815,637
Performance related contingencies	-	10,530,922	75,630,489	67,155,923	3,100,000	-	156,417,334
Trade related contingencies	-	-	-	30,619,161	-	-	30,619,161
	2,876,150,306	2,843,107,048	1,458,381,809	793,039,852	322,888,976	22,207,041	8,315,775,032

15. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Quoted market prices, where available, are used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments. However, quoted market prices are not available for a substantial portion of financial instruments and fair value for such financial instruments is estimated using discounted cash flow models that utilise prices from observable current market transactions or other valuation techniques. The summary table shows the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of financial instruments as at the reporting date. The methodologies and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments are:

- a. For those assets or liabilities that are short term in nature, the related carrying value is equivalent to their fair value.
- b. For floating rate loans and deposits, the carrying amount in the statement of financial position is considered a reasonable estimate of their fair value after making allowances for impairment. For fixed rate loans and deposits, fair value is estimated using discounted cash flow models based on current market rates. The differences between estimated fair value of loans and deposits and carrying value reflect the difference between observable market interest rates and customer rates on day one and changes in interest rates since loans and deposits origination.
- c. The fair values of derivative instruments are calculated using the discounted cash flow model. Swap transactions are measured at the present value of future cash flows estimated and discounted based on the applicable yield curves derived from observable interest rates. Foreign currency forward contracts are measured using observable forward exchange rates and yield curves derived from observable interest rates matching maturities of the contracts.
- d. The fair values of investment of debt instruments are derived from quoted prices in the active market.



15. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

30 September 2021 Unaudited	Note	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Other Amortised Cost	Total Carrying Amount	Fair Value
		NZD	NZD	NZD	NZD	NZD	NZD
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	a	-	-	516,647,282	-	516,647,282	516,647,282
Amounts due from related parties	a	-	-	652,167,470	-	652,167,470	652,167,470
Amounts due from other financial				164,000,400		164 000 400	164 000 400
institutions	a	-	-	164,999,409	-	164,999,409	164,999,409
Investment in debt instruments	d	-	500,052,736	-	-	500,052,736	500,052,736
Corporate loans originated by the Bank	b	-	-	3,686,113,359	-	3,686,113,359	3,686,878,727
Other assets	c, a	96,141,989	-	14,152,465	-	110,294,454	110,294,454
Total financial assets	_	96,141,989	500,052,736	5,034,079,985	-	5,630,274,710	5,631,040,078
Liabilities							
Amounts due to related parties	b	-	-	-	2,771,135,605	2,771,135,605	2,772,850,518
Deposits	a, b	-	-	-	2,467,435,305	2,467,435,305	2,468,776,085
Other liabilities	c	99,497,436	-	12,384,166	-	111,881,602	111,881,602
Total financial liabilities	_	99,497,436	-	12,384,166	5,238,570,910	5,350,452,512	5,353,508,205

30 September 2020 Unaudited	Note	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Other Amortised Cost	Total Carrying Amount	Fair Value
		NZD	NZD	NZD	NZD	NZD	NZD
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	a	-	-	594,524,778	-	594,524,778	594,524,778
Amounts due from related parties	a	-	-	208,544,641	-	208,544,641	208,544,641
Amounts due from other financial							
institutions	a	-	-	149,999,493	-	149,999,493	149,999,493
Investment in debt instruments	d	-	835,602,962	-	-	835,602,962	835,602,962
Corporate loans originated by the Bank	b			3,909,469,069	_	3,909,469,069	3,911,459,477
	-	145 194 540	-		-		
Other assets	c, a	145,184,549	-	4,571,371	<u>-</u>	149,755,920	149,755,920
Total financial assets	-	145,184,549	835,602,962	4,867,109,352	-	5,847,896,863	5,849,887,271
Liabilities							
Amounts due to related parties	b	_	-	_	3,804,274,230	3,804,274,230	3,807,452,515
Deposits	a, b	-	-	_	1,638,812,496	1,638,812,496	1,643,097,894
Other liabilities	c	150,587,671	-	2,463,987	-	153,051,658	153,051,658
Total financial liabilities	_	150,587,671	-	2,463,987	5,443,086,726	5,596,138,384	5,603,602,067

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets
 or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability for substantially the entire term of the instrument, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).



15. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability
that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

	30 September 2021		30 Septem	ber 2020
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 1	Level 2
Derivative financial assets				
Interest rate swaps	-	45,516,801	_	96,264,063
Currency swaps	-	30,704,000	-	33,243,791
Currency options	-	-	-	-
FX forwards	-	19,921,188	-	15,676,695
Total derivative financial assets	-	96,141,989	-	145,184,549
Derivative financial liabilities				
Interest rate swaps	-	47,455,999	_	101,184,696
Currency Swaps	-	32,092,146	_	33,687,141
Currency Options	-	-	_	-
FX forwards	-	19,949,291	-	15,715,834
Total derivative financial liabilities	-	99,497,436	-	150,587,671
Investment in debt instruments	500,052,736	-	835,602,962	-

Financial assets and financial liabilities, other than the items on the above table, are carried at amortised cost. Their fair value is represented by level 2 fair value measurements.

There were no financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value categorised under Level 3 in this period.

16. Liquidity Risk Management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Branch will not have sufficient funds to meet its financial obligations. The Branch has policies to ensure that sufficient funds are available to meet its obligations as and when they fall due, and to maintain a prudent level of liquidity buffer to meet unexpected demands for funds under adverse market conditions. To achieve this objective, the Branch adopts a set of liquidity management strategies which limits the liquidity risk to acceptable levels. The compliance of such internal limits are being independently monitored and regularly reported to the Regional Head for Oceania. A contingency plan has been developed in the event of a major liquidity problem. The operations of the Branch are subject to these policies.

The Branch measures its liquidity requirements by undertaking scenario analysis under the following three scenarios:

Going-concern – which refers to the normal behavior of cash flows in the ordinary course of business and would form the day-to-day focus of the Branch's liquidity management.

Bank-specific ("name") crisis – which covers the behavior of cash flows where there is some actual or perceived problem with the Branch.

Liquidity Coverage Ratio – a one month liquidity stress described in the APRA APS 210 standard

The Branch is committed to raising its liabilities from a wide range of institutional and corporate lenders. This reduces dependence upon certain lenders and the possibility that a large portion of the deposit base will be withdrawn with little notice. As part of its liquidity management policies, the Branch maintains a portfolio of readily liquid assets and has established committed funding arrangements from other institutions. Liquidity is managed by the Treasury Department of the Sydney Branch with oversight from the Oceania Region Asset and Liability Management Committee. Reports on liquidity are reviewed by the Regional Head for Oceania, sent to the Parent Bank daily and presented to the Oceania Region Asset and Liability Management Committee monthly.



Liquidity Risk Management (continued) 16.

The Branch holds the following liquid assets in order to manage its liquidity risk:

	As at 30 September 2021 Unaudited NZD	As at 30 September 2020 Unaudited NZD
Cash and short term liquid assets	516,647,282	594,524,778
Amounts due from related parties	652,167,470	208,544,641
Amounts due from other financial institutions	164,999,409	149,999,493
Investment in debt instruments	500,052,736	835,602,962
	1,833,866,897	1,788,671,874

17. **Profitability and Size**

a) Profitability

The Overseas Banking Group

5 1	Six Months ended 30 September 2021 JPY(000's)	Six Months ended 30 September 2020 JPY(000's)
Net Profit After Tax Net Profit After Tax over the previous 12 months	471,638,000	216,749,000
period as a percentage of average total assets	0.20%	-0.02%
b) Size	Six Months ended 30 September 2021 JPY(000's)	Six Months ended 30 September 2020 JPY(000's)
Total Assets	289,269,608,000	281,614,967,000

2.72%

18. **Asset Quality**

% Change in total assets over the previous 12 months

(i) The Overseas Banking Group		
	As at 30 September 2021 JPY(000's)	As at 30 September 2020 JPY(000's)
Total individually impaired assets (before allowances for credit impairment loss and net of interest held in suspense)	1,121,828,000	1,077,595,000
Total individually impaired assets expressed as a percentage of total assets	0.39%	0.38%
Total individually credit impairment allowance	256,234,000	257,758,000
Total individually credit impairment allowance expressed as percentage of total individually impaired assets	22.84%	23.92%
Total collective credit impairment allowance	617,268,000	629,628,000



11.61%

18. Asset Quality (continued)

(ii) MUFG Bank, Ltd., Auckland Branch.

The provision for impairment is based on NZ IFRS 9's impairment model which requires the Branch to recognised expected credit losses (ECL) based on unbiased forward looking information. The Branch will incorporate all available information which is relevant to the assessment including information about past events, current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts of economic conditions at the reporting date.

In estimating individual and collective provision for ECL, the Branch based the judgments and assumptions under MUFG Bank's policy and procedure on determining borrower rating which is considering the quantitative analysis (the financial analysis and performance, etc.) and qualitative analysis (industry trend, corporate competitiveness, management policy, etc.) for the customer. This borrower rating already includes forward looking factors including the continuing impact of COVID-19 and the resulting government policies which reflect the Branch's view of the most likely future macro-economic conditions.

The modelling methodology applied in estimating ECL in this financial statement is consistent with that applied in the Branch's Financial Statements for the year ended 30 March 2021.

The Branch does not have any individually impaired assets that have been recognized, any individual credit impairment allowances, and any assets that are less than 30 days past due; at least 30 days but less than 60 days past due; at least 60 days but less than 90 days past due; and at least 90 days past due but not impaired as at 30 September 2021 (30 September 2020: Nil).

The Branch did not charge or credit to the condensed statement of comprehensive income for any increase or decrease in individual credit impairment allowances during the half year accounting period ended 30 September 2021 (30 September 2020: Nil).

The total interest income recognized on impaired assets over the half year accounting period ended 30 September 2021 is Nil (30 September 2020: Nil).

There is no undrawn balance on lending commitments to counterparties for whom drawn balances are classified as individually impaired. There are no other amounts under administration.

The Branch does not have any financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss on which there have been changes in fair value that are attributable to changes in credit risk of the financial asset.

Movement in balance of collective credit impairment allowance:

The following table reconciles the opening balance to the closing balance of provision for impairment losses:

Stage 1	Loan	Financial	Total
NZD		guarantee and commitments	
Provision for impairment charges as at 31 March 2021	1,018,199	463,600	1,481,799
Net transfers in / (out) of stages *	-	-	-
New financial assets originated	112,191	123,515	235,706
Financial assets derecognized during the period	(187,318)	(110,368)	(297,686)
Change in ECL due to net further lending / repayment	(120,120)	(24,134)	(144,254)
Change in ECL due to amounts written-off	-	· · · · · -	-
Total provision for ECL as at 30 September 2021	822,952	452,613	1,275,565

^{*} Represents the transfers between stages



18. Asset Quality (continued)

Impacts of changes in gross financial assets on credit impairment allowance:

The following table reconciles the opening balance to the closing balance of the pre-allowance corporate loans originated by the Bank:

	As at 30 September 2021 Unaudited NZD
Balance at beginning of the period Additions	4,046,901,264 993,665,374
Amounts written off	-
Deletions Balance at the end of the period (Note 4)	(1,353,630,327) 3,686,936,311
Balance at the end of the period (Note 4)	

19. Exposures to Market Risk

Aggregate market risk exposures of MUFG Bank, Ltd., Auckland Branch have been derived in accordance with Schedule 9 of the Reserve Bank Order.

		Six Months ended 30 September 2021 Unaudited NZD (000's)	Six Months ended 30 September 2020 Unaudited NZD (000's)
(1) Agg	regate Interest Rate Exposure		
(a)	Notional capital charge*	2,459	5,568
(b)	Implied risk weighted exposure	30,738	69,600

^{*} The Notional Capital Charge is calculated in accordance with Capital Adequacy Framework (Standardized Approach) BS2A.

		Peak End of Day Ending 30 September 2021 Unaudited NZD (000's)	Peak End of Day Ending 30 September 2020 Unaudited NZD (000's)
(2) Agg	regate Interest Rate Exposure		
(a)	Notional capital charge**	6,358	6,860
(b)	Implied risk weighted exposure	79,475	85,750

^{**} The peak end of day notional capital charge has been derived by determining the maximum over the period at the close of each business day derived in accordance with capital adequacy framework (Standardized approach) RS2A

MUFG Bank, Ltd., Auckland Branch does not have any significant foreign currency exposures.



⁽³⁾ Aggregate Foreign Currency Exposure

18. Exposure to Market Risk (continued)

(4) Aggregate Equity Exposure

MUFG Bank, Ltd., Auckland Branch does not have any equity exposures.

By entering into foreign exchange transactions, interest rate swap transactions, currency swap transactions and long term fixed interest deposits with the Sydney Branch, the Branch does not hold any significant foreign exchange exposure and long term interest rate exposure. Under this arrangement, the Branch is exposed to limited market risk which is immaterial.

20. Capital Adequacy

The capital adequacy guidelines adopted by the Financial Services Agency (FSA) in Japan that are applicable to Japanese bank holding companies and banks with international operations closely follow the risk-weighted approach introduced by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision of the Bank for International Settlements.

Basel II, as adopted by the FSA, has been applied to Japanese banks since 31 March, 2007. Certain provisions of Basel III have been adopted by the FSA for Japanese banking institutions with international operations conducted through their foreign offices and became effective 31 March 2013. As a result, the minimum capital required by FSA is at least equal to Basel II.

The Financial Stability Board identified the Overseas Banking Group as a global systematically important bank, or G-SIB, in its most recent annual report published in November 2017.

Effective 31 March, 2016, the FSA's capital conservation buffer, countercyclical buffer and G-SIB surcharge requirements became applicable to Japanese banking institutions with international operations conducted through foreign offices. From 31 March 2019, the Overseas Banking Group will be required to maintain a capital conservation buffer of 2.5%, a countercyclical buffer of up to 2.5%, and a G-SIB surcharge of 1.5%, assuming the Overseas Banking Group will be in Bucket 2 of the G-SIB list.

The table below presents the minimum consolidated risk-based capital ratios from 31 March 2021:

		2020	2021
	Minimum Common Equity Tier 1 ratio	4.50%	4.50%
	Capital Conservation Buffer	2.50%	2.50%
	Countercyclical Buffer	0.01%	0.00%
	G-SIB Surcharge	1.50%	1.50%
	Total	8.51%	8.50%
	Minimum Tier 1 ratio	10.01%	10.00%
	Minimum Capital ratio	12.01%	12.00%

Both the Overseas Banking Group and the Overseas Bank met those requirements at the reporting date.

Overseas Banking Group	As at 30 September 2021 Unaudited	As at 30 September 2020 Unaudited
Capital ratios:		
Common Equity Tier 1 capital	12.05%	11.13%
Tier 1 capital	13.69%	12.66%
Total capital	15.81%	15.00%



20. Capital Adequacy (continued)

Overseas Bank	As at 30 September 2021 Unaudited	As at 30 September 2020 Unaudited
Capital ratios:		
Common Equity Tier 1 capital	11.47%	11.15%
Tier 1 capital	13.31%	12.90%
Total capital	15.32%	15.22%

The most recent publicly available information in relation to capital adequacy framework implemented by the overseas bank and overseas banking group are disclosed under the ultimate holding company's annual report which can be accessed via the Bank's global website: www.mufg.jp.

21. Insurance Business

MUFG Bank, Ltd., Auckland Branch does not conduct any insurance business in or outside New Zealand.

22. Non-Consolidated Activities

MUFG Bank, Ltd. *does not* conduct any insurance business or non-financial activities in New Zealand outside MUFG Bank, Ltd., Auckland Branch.

23. Securitization, Funds Management, and Other Fiduciary Activities

- (a) MUFG Bank, Ltd., Auckland Branch is not involved in any establishment, marketing, or sponsorship of trust, custodial, funds management or other fiduciary activities.
- (b) MUFG Bank, Ltd., Auckland Branch is not involved in any origination of securitized assets or in the marketing or servicing of securitization schemes.
- (c) MUFG Bank, Ltd., Auckland Branch is not involved in the marketing and distribution of insurance products.

24. Risk Management Policies

The risk management policies and procedures of the Branch conform to those of the ultimate parent bank, MUFG Bank, Ltd. ("the Parent Bank").

The Branch's application of risk management systems is subject to review by the Parent Bank Internal Audit Office on a regular basis.

There have been no material changes to the risk management polices since publication of the previous Disclosure Statement.

25. Financial Support

The Auckland Branch is part of MUFG Bank, Ltd. The assets of the Branch are legally available for the satisfaction of debts of the entire company, not solely those appearing in the accompanying statement of financial position, and its debts may result in claims against assets not appearing thereon.



26. Subsequent Events

There has not been any matter or circumstance, other than that referred to in the financial statements or notes thereto, that has arisen since the six months ended 30 September 2021, that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Branch, the results of the operations, or the state of affairs of the Branch in future financial years.

The impact of COVID-19 pandemic has not resulted in any specific subsequent event.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MUFG BANK, LTD. AUCKLAND BRANCH

Conclusion

We have reviewed pages 7 to 35 of the Disclosure Statement of MUFG Bank, Ltd. Auckland Branch ('the Branch'), which consists of the condensed interim financial statements of the Branch and the supplementary information required to be disclosed under Schedules 5, 7, 9, 12 and 14 of the Registered Bank Disclosure Statements (Overseas Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2014 (as amended) (the 'Order').

The condensed interim financial statements comprise the condensed statement of financial position of the Branch as at 30 September 2021, and the condensed statement of comprehensive income, condensed statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the six months ended on that date, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that:

- the condensed interim financial statements on pages 7 to 35 (excluding the supplementary information) have not been prepared and do not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Branch as at 30 September 2021 and its financial performance and cash flows for the six months ended on that date in accordance with NZ IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting;
- the supplementary information (excluding information relating to credit and market risk exposures and capital adequacy) disclosed in accordance with Schedules 5, 7, 12 and 14 of the Order does not fairly state the matters to which it relates in accordance with those Schedules; and
- the supplementary information disclosed on pages 32 to 34 relating to credit and market risk exposures and capital adequacy as required by Schedule 9 of the Order is not, in all material respects, disclosed in accordance with Schedule 9 of the Order.

Basis for Conclusion

We conducted our review in accordance with NZ SRE 2410 (Revised) *Review of Financial Statements Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* ('NZ SRE 2410 (Revised)'). Our responsibilities are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Review of the Interim Financial Statements* section of our report.

We are independent of the Branch in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements in New Zealand relating to the audit of the annual financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Other than in our capacity as auditor, we have no relationship with or interests in MUFG Bank, Ltd. Auckland Branch, except that partners and employees of our firm deal with MUFG Bank, Ltd. Auckland Branch on normal terms within the ordinary course of trading activities of the business of MUFG Bank, Ltd. Auckland Branch.

Emphasis of Matter

The Branch is part of MUFG Bank, Ltd. As described in note 25, the assets of the Branch are legally available for the satisfaction of debts of the entire company, not solely those appearing on the accompanying condensed statement of financial position and its debts may result in claims against assets not appearing thereon. Our conclusion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

Directors' responsibilities for the interim financial statements

The directors are responsible on behalf of the Branch for the preparation and fair presentation of the condensed interim financial statements in accordance with NZ IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* and IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the condensed interim financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



The Directors are also responsible for the preparation and presentation of supplementary information which fairly states the matters required to be disclosed under Schedules 3, 5, 7, 9, 12 and 14 of the Order.

Auditor's responsibilities for the review of the interim financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the condensed interim financial statements and the supplementary information based on our review. NZ SRE 2410 (Revised) requires us to conclude whether anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that:

- the condensed interim financial statements (excluding the supplementary information), taken as a whole, are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with NZ IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting;
- the supplementary information (excluding the supplementary information relating to credit and market risk exposures and capital adequacy), taken as a whole, does not fairly state the matters to which it relates in accordance with Schedules 5, 7, 12 and 14; and
- the supplementary information relating to credit and market risk exposure and capital adequacy, taken as a whole, is not, in all material respects, disclosed in accordance with Schedule 9 of the Order.

A review of the condensed interim financial statements in accordance with NZ SRE 2410 (Revised) is a limited assurance engagement. We perform procedures, primarily consisting of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. The procedures performed in a review are substantially less than those performed in an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) and consequently do not enable us to obtain assurance that we might identify in an audit. Accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the condensed interim financial statements and the supplementary information.

Restriction on use

This report is made solely to the Branch's shareholders, as a body. Our review has been undertaken so that we might state to the Branch's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in a review report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Branch's shareholders as a body, for our engagement, for this report, or for the conclusions we have formed.

Bindi Shah
Partner

for Deloitte Limited Auckland, New Zealand 25 November 2021

Deloitte Limited

This review report relates to the unaudited disclosure statement of MUFG Bank, Ltd. Auckland Branch for the six months ended 30 September 2021 included on Branch's website. The Branch's Board of Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the Branch's website. We have not been engaged to report on the integrity of the Branch's website. We accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the unaudited disclosure statement since they were initially presented on the website. The review report refers only to the unaudited disclosure statement named above. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from these unaudited disclosure statement. If readers of this report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from electronic data communication they should refer to the published hard copy of the unaudited disclosure statement and related review report dated 25 November 2021 to confirm the information included in the unaudited disclosure statement presented on this website. Legislation in New Zealand governing the preparation and dissemination of disclosure statement may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.